**Amendments to the Claims:**

1. (Cancelled)

2. (Currently Amended) The [[A]] closure device as claimed in claim [[1]] 4, wherein the ~~closure device can~~ membrane or septum is configured to be pierced by ~~a sharp object, in particular by~~ a needle tip through which fluid is introduced into the collecting space and to seal itself when the needle tip is removed.

3. (Currently Amended) The [[A]] closure device as claimed in claim [[1]] 10, wherein the closure means is a membrane.

4. (Currently Amended) The [[A]] closure device as claimed in claim [[1]] 10, wherein the closure means is a membrane or septum.

5. (Currently Amended) The [[A]] closure device as claimed in claim [[1]] 8, wherein the closure means is a "duck-bill" valve device.

6. (Currently Amended) The [[A]] closure device as claimed in claim [[1]] 2, wherein the polytetrafluoroethylene coating is formed on the ~~closure means~~ membrane or septum in such a way that it covers a region of the side of the ~~closure means~~ membrane or septum that is provided for piercing with ~~a sharp object~~ the needle tip such that the polytetrafluoroethylene coating is pierced by the needle tip.

7. (Currently Amended) The [[A]] closure device as claimed in claim [[1]] 6, wherein the ~~closure means~~ membrane or septum is composed of silicone.

8. (Currently Amended) The [[A]] closure device as claimed in claim [[1]] 10, wherein the closure means comprises:

a ~~first region that comprises~~ closure structure formed of soft material having good adhesive properties; and

a ~~second region that~~ needle guide that encloses the ~~first region and comprises~~ the closure structure and a portion of a needle tip receiving side of the closure structure, the needle guide being formed of a hard material, the needle guide defining a funnel-shaped opening which directs the needle tip toward the closure structure.

9. (Currently Amended) The [[A]] closure device as claimed in claim [[1]] 6, ~~wherein the filling device has~~ further including:

a Luer closure device ~~that can~~ extending from the collecting space and configured to be attached to the opening of the container.

10. (Currently Amended) A closure device ~~as claimed in claim 1, wherein it has~~ for a container, comprising:

a filling device that can be attached to an opening of the container;

a closure means that is attached to the filling device in such a way that the opening of the container is sealed if the filling device is attached to the opening and which closure means is at least partially coated with polytetrafluoroethylene on one side that is accessible from outside the container in the assembled state of the filling device on the container; and

a collecting space for receiving a fluid that can be introduced into the collecting space through the closure means.

11. (Cancelled)

12. (New) The closure device as claimed in claim 8, wherein the polytetrafluoroethylene is coated on the funnel-shaped surface.

13. (New) A closure device which closes an opening of a point of care testing container which receives bodily fluids via a needle and which testing container is configured to be received in a point of care testing device, the closure device comprising:

a structure which dfines a collecting space for receiving the bodily fluids;

a connecting structure which extends from the collecting space defining structure, the connecting structure being configured to connect with the opening of the point of care testing container;

a closure structure which closes an end of the collecting space opposite to the connecting structure, the closure structure being configured to be penetrated by the needle and to seal when the needle is withdrawn;

a low wettability coating on at least a portion of the closure structure which inhibits body fluid which escapes from the needle tip from spattering on the device and inhibits the body fluid from escaping from the collection space.

14. (New) The closure device as claimed in claim 13, wherein the coating is polytetrafluoroethylene.

15. (New) A closure device comprising:

a structure that defines a fluid collecting space;

a connecting structure which extends from and defines an outlet to the fluid collecting space, the connecting structure being configured to be connected to an opening of a container such that fluid drains from the collecting space into the container;

a closusre structure which closes an end of the fluid collecting space opposite to the connecting structure;

a polytetrafluoroethylene coating on at least a portion of a surface of the closure structure opposite to the fluid collecting region;

wherein the closure structure and the polytetrafluoroethylene coating are configured to be penetrated by a tip of a needle which delivers the fluid into the

fluid connecting space and to seal against the fluid leaving the fluid collecting space through the closure structure and the polytetrafluoroethylene coating.

16. (New) The closure device as claimed in claim 15, further including:

a needle guide disposed on a side of the closure structure opposite to the fluid collecting region, the needle guide defining a tapered passage which guides the needle to the polytetrafluoroethylene coated portion of the closure structure.

17. (New) The closure device as claimed in claim 15, wherein the closure structure has a cross-section which is larger than a cross-section of the connecting structure such that it is easier to insert the needle into the closure structure than into the opening of the container.

18. (New) The closure device as claimed in claim 15, wherein the closure structure includes:

a silicon membrane with the polytetrafluoroethylene coating on one surface.

19. (New) The closure device as claimed in claim 15, further including:

a container connected to the connecting structure such that the fluid received in the fluid collecting space drains into the container.

20. (New) The closure device as claimed in claim 19, wherein the fluids are bodily fluids and the container is a point of care testing container that is configured to be received in a point of care testing system which analyzes the bodily fluids at a point of patient care.